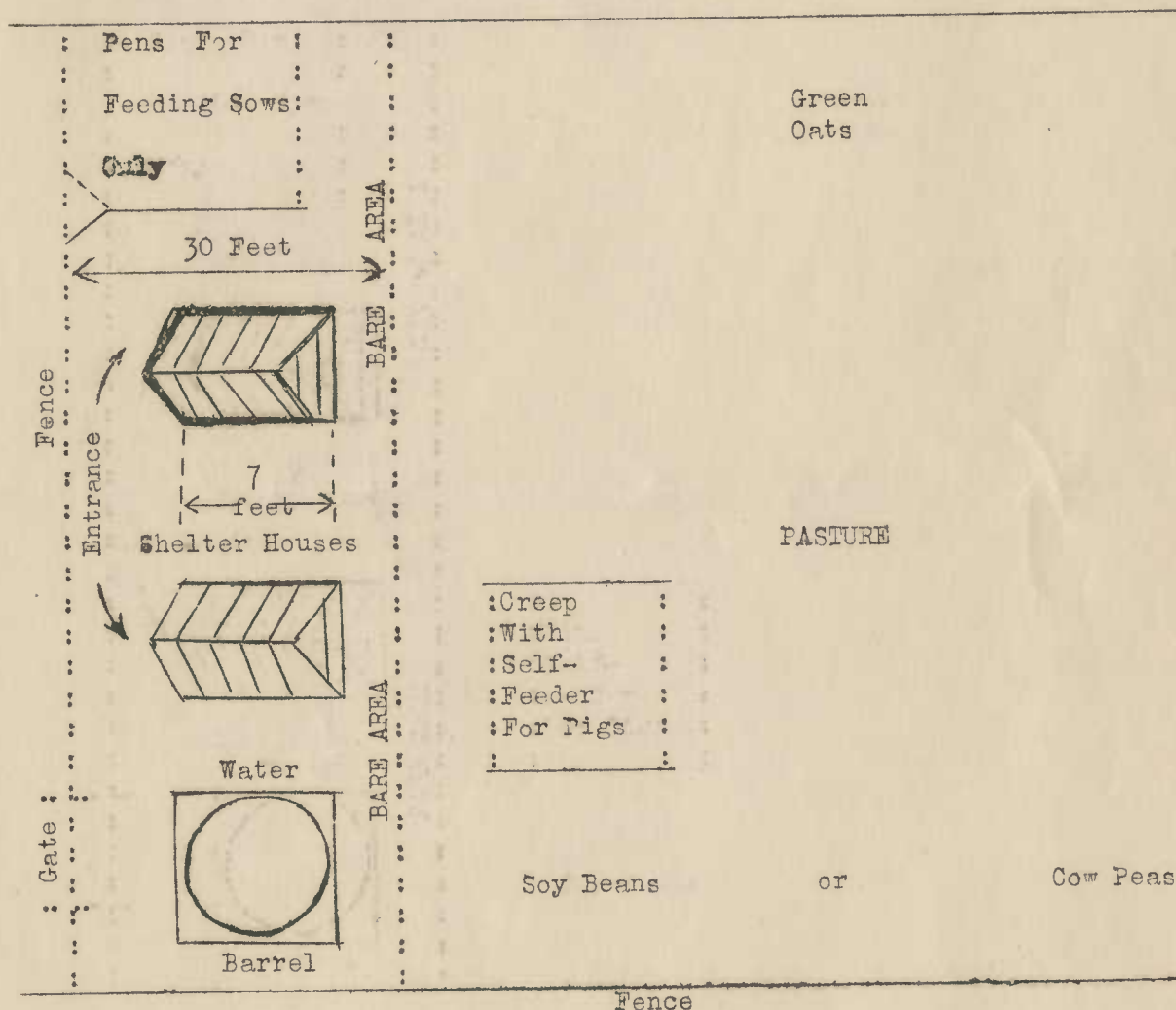


OUTLINE OF DEMONSTRATION IN SWINE SANITATION

The Kidney Worm of swine is one of the most serious obstacles to profitable swine production in the south. Scientists have proved by investigation that this parasite can be controlled by a system of management for sows and their litters. This system of management is designed to protect the pigs from becoming infested while with the sows during the suckling period. For best results, this demonstration should be placed with producers, who will carry out detailed instructions, as this is very necessary for conducting a successful demonstration. One or many sows may be handled in the same field. They should farrow within two or three weeks of the same time. Sows should be placed in a field having a green crop and having shelter houses, water barrel and feeding pen for sows on a bare area, as outlined below.



Have a separate house for each sow and one water barrel for each three sows. Make a pen for feeding sows, apart from the pigs and a creep where the pigs can eat, separate from the sows. Feed both sows and pigs corn, a protein supplement and mineral mixture. This plan is very effective in controlling all internal parasites, when carried out properly. Pigs produced under this plan grow off faster and make cheaper gains. Records at Packing Plants in Georgia show that 85 to 90% of livers and kidneys of the general run of hogs are unfit for human food. Whereas, 85 to 90% of livers and kidneys from hogs produced under the plan as outlined above, were passed for food.

Prepared by:
Jones Purcell
Extension Swine Specialist

P. O. Drawer 231,
Moultrie, Georgia,
February 7, 1958.

Dear Mr. Purcell:

Thank you very much for copies
of your outline in setting up demonstrations for
parasite control in swine. It is very condensed. It
is splendid with one exception. You should have in-
sisted and underscored your statement that after weaning ,
the sanitary pigs must be fed out separately from any
other hogs, on clean ground.

Sincerely yours,

H. B. Raffensperger,
In Charge Zoological Laboratory.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK
IN
AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS
STATE OF GEORGIA

Tifton, Georgia
February 2, 1938

REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF
GEORGIA AND THE UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
COOPERATING

EXTENSION SERVICE
COUNTY AGENTS' WORK

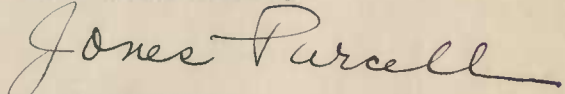
Dr. H. B. Raffensperger,
Moultrie, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Raffensperger:

Enclosed am sending
you a few copies of an outline being sent to
all County Agents and Vocational Teachers for
setting up demonstrations in swine sanitation.
Please give me your criticism of same.

With best wishes, I am

Very truly yours,



Jones Purcell
Extension Swine Specialist

JP:ch
Encl: